## Missouri Guidelines for the Assessment and Management of Childhood Lead Exposure (For Children 6-72 Months of Age) Form Updated: 1/10/2020

Complete/update Lead Risk Questionnaire and provide lead education with parents/guardians at ALL well-child checks ages 6-72 months. (See Lead Resources and Questionnaire information below.) Promptly blood lead test if any positive risk is identified, even at intervals of less than 6 months, and consider blood lead testing for any "unknown" responses. Additionally, consult MO Lead Risk Map to determine if child lives in or visits HIGH RISK areas (more than 10 hours per week) (See Lead Resources, Map below.) Perform a blood lead test annually no matter their responses to the Questionnaire when a child lives in or visits HIGH RISK areas.

Federal requirements are to blood lead test ALL Medicaid children, <u>at a minimum</u>, at ages 12, <u>and</u> 24 months, no matter their response to the lead risk questionnaire or whether they are living or spending time in designated HIGH RISK areas. If target ages missed, catch up at earliest opportunity. Additional blood lead testing may be needed due to questionnaire responses, living in or visiting HIGH RISK areas, or other potential known increased risk factors such as increased mouthing behaviors or increased mobility.

Recommended Blood Lead Testing Schedule and Actions Based on Blood Lead Level (BLL) * LAB is to report/Fax ALL BLL's to DHSS: 573-526-6946								
Schedule to Obtain CONFIRMATORY VENOUS Blood Lead Test			Schedule to Obtain FOLLOW-UP (VENOUS) Blood Lead Testing					
CAPILLARY BLL (µg/dL) µg/dL:micrograms/deciliter		VENOUS tion Testing	VENOUS BLL (µg/dL) µg/dL:micrograms/deciliter		US Follow-up Testing fter initial elevation)	LATER VENOUS Follow-up Testing (after BLL declining)		
≥ 5 – 9 *Labs Report within 3 days: 573-526-6946	1–3 ו	months	≥ 5 – 9 *Labs Report within 3 days: 573-526-6946	3	months*	6–9 months		
10 - 44 *Labs Report within 3 days: 573-526-6946	1 week-	–1 month*	10 - 19 *Labs Report within 3 days: 573-526-6946	1–3 months*		3–6 months		
45 - 59 *Labs Fax BLL result IMMEDIATELY 573-526 -6946. Phone 573-751 6102		<b>48 hours</b> US lab draw <u>and</u> analysis)	20 - 24 *Labs Report within 3 days: 573-526-6946	1–3 months*		1–3 months		
60 – 69 *Labs Fax BLL result iMMEDIATELY to 573-526-6946 and Phone: 573-751-6102		24 hours US lab draw <u>and</u> analysis)	<b>25 - 44</b> *Labs Report within 3 days: 573-526-6946	2 weeks-1 month*		1 month		
≥ 70 *Labs Fax BLL result IMMEDIATELY to 573-526-6946 and Phone: 573-751- 6102	(Request STAT VENO Note that STAT venous E be readily available in all a during weekends, evening	as emergency test US lab draw <u>and</u> analysis) Blood Lead Analysis may not areas of the state particularly gs and nights. Contact DHSS nce if needed.	≥ 45 *Labs Fax BLL result IMMEDIATELY to 573-526-6946 and Phone: 573-751-6102	before chelation adminis days and 21 days* after cl ≥ 70: STAT Venous Le chelation (but chelation	Lead Test and receipt of result stered; at the end of chelation; 7 helation. Ead Test blood draw before should commence prior to end of chelation; 7 days & 21	As clinically indicated, depending on the level, date of chelation, and child's individual situation.		
	her the blood lead level on the pre urgent the need for confirm	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Greater exposure to lead in warmer months may necessitate more frequent follow-ups.					
** When a child has a confirmed VENOUS BLL of ≥5 µg/dL, consider testing other members of the residence/family, particularly <u>pregnant women</u> , and <u>children</u> under the age of 72 months.			*Healthcare providers or case managers may choose to repeat VENOUS blood lead tests within shorter intervals to ensure that the Blood Lead Level is not rising more quickly than anticipated. (i.e. when child's mobility or hand to mouth behaviors increase)					
	LEAD RESOURCES			CONTACT INFORMATION				
DHSS Lead Risk Questionnaire			https://health.mo.gov/living/environment/lead/pdf/HCYLeadRiskAssessmentGuide.pdf					
DHSS Lead Risk Map			https://health.mo.gov/living/environment/lead (not recently posted)					
Pediatric Environmental Health Specialty Unit (PEHSU) Network			www.pehsu.net or 800-421-9916 or 913-588-6638 (Chelation and general management)					
Poison Control Center (PCC)			www.aapcc.org or 800-222-1222					
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention <u>http://www.cdc.gov/nceh/lead/publications:</u> 2002. <u>Managing Elevated Blood Lead Levels Among Young Children</u> (see updates) 2012. <u>Low Level Lead Exposure Harms Children: A Renewed Call for Primary Prevention</u> 2015. <u>Educational Interventions for Children Affected by Lead</u>			www.cdc.gov/nceh/lead or 800-232-4636 CDC Capillary Sampling Procedure: https://www.cdc.gov/nceh/lead/publications/1997/pdf/c2.pdf (Chelation) http://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/pediatrics/116/4/1036.full.pdf page 1042 Journal: Clinical Pediatric Emergency Medicine. Article Title: An Update on Childhood Lead Poisoning Volume 18, Issue 3, September 2017, Pages 181-192					
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			www.epa.gov/lead or 800-424-5323					
U.S. Food and Drug Administration: Dangers of Off Label Chelation			www.fda.gov/ForConsumers/ConsumerUpdates/ucm229358.htm					
Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services, Bureau of Environmental Epidemiology			http://health.mo.gov/living/environment/lead/index.php or call 573-751-6102					
American Academy of Pediatrics			2016. Lead Exposure in Children: Prevention, Detection, and Management.					
	and Secondary Education (DESE)		Early Learning, Parents As Teachers: Phone: 573-751-2095 First Steps: Phone: 866-583-2392					
	Please Note: The following actions are NOT recommended at any Blood Lead Level:• Searching for gingival lead lines • Testing of hair, teeth, or fingernails for lead• X-ray fluorescence of long bones • Radiographic imaging of long bones• Testing of neurophysiologic function • Evaluation of renal function (except during chelation with EDTA)							

	Recommended	Abbreviation Key: CM= Case Manager PCP= Primary Care Provider DESE= Dept of Elementary and Secondary Education			
<5 µg/dL	5–9 μg/dL	10–19 μg/dL	20–44 μg/dL	45–69 µg/dL Chelation Should Be Considered!	≥70 µg/dL Chelation is Needed Immediately!
PCP Perform	PCP Perform	PCP Perform routine	PCP Perform a complete	PCP Consider prompt administration of IV and/or	PCP Arrange for child's IMMEDIATE
routine	routine assess-	assessment of	history, physical exam,	oral chelation therapy:	hospitalization at a pediatric hospital facility with
assessment of	ment of nutritional	nutritional and	and a neuro-develop-	Discuss inpatient or outpatient chelation therapy with	chelation expertise:
nutritional and	and developmental	developmental	mental assessment.	a pediatric physician who has experience in admini-	Arrange for prompt administration of IV
developmental	milestones.	milestones.	The child's PCP and	stering chelation. Typically, a pediatric toxicologist, or	chelation therapy. Typically, a pediatric physi-
milestones.			LPHA or Mo Health Net	the Pediatric Environmental Health Specialty Unit	cian experienced in administering chelation,
	The child's PCP	The child's PCP and	Health Plan lead case	(www.pehsu.net or <b>800-421-9916 or 913-588-6638</b> )	such as a pediatric toxicologist, is consulted.
PCP provides	and LPHA or Mo Health Net Health	(LPHA or Mo Health	manager discuss	is consulted.	Otherwise, consultation with the Pediatric
anticipatory	Plan lead case	Net Health Plan) lead	potential sources of lead	Consider hospitalization if lead-safe (home)	Environmental Health Specialty Unit
guidance and	manager have	case manager discuss	in the child's environ-	environment cannot be assured for duration of IV or	(www.pehsu.net or 800-421-9916 or 913-588-
education about	a detailed	potential sources of	ment with parent. Inform	oral chelation therapy and follow-up period.	6638) is appropriate. IV chelation may be
common	discussion of the	lead in the child's	parent the child's lead		followed by oral chelation.
sources of lead	child's environ-	environment with	case manager will	PCP/CM Instruct parent/guardian to promptly remove or	Tonowed by order orientation.
exposure and	ment with child's	parent. Inform parent	make contact to	keep child away from any known or potential lead-	PCP/CM Inform parent/ guardian to expect and
need to keep	parent to identify	that a lead case	schedule required	contaminated environment or hazard.	respond to phone contacts from the following:
child in a	potential sources	manager will contact	home visit/s.	PCP/CM Inform parent/guardian to expect and	<ul> <li>State licensed lead risk assessor to schedule a</li> </ul>
lead-safe	of lead exposure.	them to offer a home	A Lead Risk Assessor	respond to phone contacts from the following:	home visit within 24-48 hours.
environment.	**Lead Risk	nurse visit. CM Home	will contact them to	<ul> <li>State licensed lead risk assessor to schedule a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lead case manager to schedule required nurse</li> </ul>
	Assessors contact	visit is required at	perform an environ-	home visit within <mark>48 hours</mark> .	visits/home visit/s.
PCP schedules	parent to provide	level of ≥15 mcg/dL	mental assessment.	<ul> <li>Lead case manager to schedule required nurse</li> </ul>	
follow-up blood	verbal and/or	A Lead Risk Assessor		visits/home visit/s.	<b>PCP</b> perform a complete history and physical exam.
lead testing at	written Environ-	will contact them to	A Lead Risk Assess-	PCP perform a complete history and physical exam.	PCP perform a complete neurological exam
recommended	mental Lead Education.	perform an environ- mental assessment.	ment by a Lead Risk	PCP perform a complete neurological exam	including a neurodevelopmental assessment.
intervals based		mental assessment.	Assessor to identify lead	including a neurodevelopmental assessment.	The Lead Risk Assessor is REQUIRED to perform
on child's age	** An environ-	A Lead Risk	sources and lead hazard	The Lead Risk Assessor is REQUIRED to perform	an Environmental Lead Risk Assessment to
and behaviors.	mental Lead Risk	Assessment by a	reduction is REQUIRED.	an Environmental Lead Risk Assessment to identify	identify lead sources and lead hazard reduction
*** For any child	Assessment may	Lead Risk Assessor	PCP/CM Provide	lead sources and lead hazard reduction options. A	options. A Lead Risk Assessor "clearance" visit is
	be <u>offered</u>	to identify lead	nutritional counseling	Lead Risk Assessor "clearance" visit is also	also REQUIRED following completion of the work
screened at age	depending on the	sources and lead	related to calcium, iron,	REQUIRED following completion of the work plan	plan before the child returns to the home. Lead
<12 months,	jurisdiction.	hazard reduction	and vitamin C intake.	before the child returns to the home. Lead hazard	hazard reduction is the financial responsibility of
PCP may	DCD/CM provide	is REQUIRED.	PCP Orders Lab work:	reduction is the financial responsibility of the	the property owner.
consider need	PCP/CM provide nutritional coun-	PCP/CM Provide	Iron status	property owner.	
for retesting in	seling related to	nutritional	Hemoglobin or		PCP/CM Provide Nutritional counseling related to
3-6 months as	calcium, iron and	counseling related	hematocrit	PCP/CM Provide Nutritional counseling related to calcium,	calcium, iron and vitamin C intake.
lead exposure	vitamin C intake.	to calcium, iron, and	PCP Orders abdominal	iron and vitamin C intake.	PCP Orders Lab work:
may increase as	marini o intano.	vitamin C intake.	X-ray with bowel	PCP Orders Lab work:	Repeat Venous BLL (Draw and analyze STAT)
the child's	PCP/CM Schedule	PCP Consider lab	decontamination	Repeat Venous BLL (Draw and analyze STAT)	Iron status
mobility and	follow-up blood	work to assess iron		Iron status	Hemoglobin or hematocrit
hand to mouth	lead testing at	status.	if indicated.	Hemoglobin or hematocrit	PCP Orders abdominal X-ray with bowel
behaviors	recommended		PCP/CM Schedule	PCP Orders abdominal X-ray with bowel	decontamination, if indicated.
increase.	intervals based on	PCP/CM Schedule	follow-up blood lead	decontamination, if indicated.	A chelated child should NOT be discharged to a home
	child's age and	follow-up blood lead	testing at recom-	A chelated child should NOT be discharged to a home	or environment that is not known to be lead-safe for
(CM) Case	behaviors.	testing at recom-	mended intervals.	or environment that is not known to be lead-safe for the	the duration of chelation therapy and follow-up period.
manager is	(see reverse)	mended intervals.	(see reverse)	duration of chelation therapy and follow-up period.	
NOT offered by	CM is offered by	(see reverse)	Refer to DESE for BLL	Consider need for Social Services referral/s.	Consider need for Social Services referral/s.
public health at	public health.	Refer to DESE for			PCP/CM Schedule follow-up blood lead testing at
this low level.	Partie House	BLL > 10 $\mu$ g/dL.	> 10 µg/dL /dL	PCP/CM Schedule follow-up blood lead testing at	recommended intervals. (see reverse)
Chelation is	Chelation is	Chelation is	Chelation is	recommended intervals. (see reverse)	
	NOT in discussed		NOT indicated	PCP/CM Refer to DESE for ongoing developmental	PCP/CM Refer to DESE for ongoing developmental
NOT indicated at this level.	NOT indicated at this level.	NOT indicated	at this level.	monitoring programs throughout grade school.	monitoring programs throughout grade school.

Confirmed BLL: One venous blood test (See <u>Missouri Guidelines for the Assessment and Management of Childhood Lead Exposure</u> on reverse side of this form.) \*\* Environmental assessments vary according to local conditions based on jurisdictional requirements and available resources. Contact MO DHSS at 573-751-6102. Medical history and health forms for daycares, head starts, and schools should include all blood lead testing dates and results. BLL testing dates and results are to be a part of the child's permanent medical record.